

SENG 475 & ECE 569A: Advanced Programming Techniques for Robust Efficient Computing (With C++)

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* *While waiting for the lecture to begin, please complete
the initial course questionnaire.* *

Section 1.1

Course Overview

Course Overview

- interdisciplinary in nature (e.g., engineering and computer science)
- explores variety of programming topics, which may include:
 - data structures and algorithms
 - computer arithmetic
 - compile-time versus run-time computation
 - generic programming techniques
 - error handling, exceptions, and exception-safe coding
 - resource management, memory management, and smart pointers
 - cache-efficient coding
 - concurrency, parallelism, and vectorization
- considers several application areas, which may include:
 - geometry processing and computational geometry
 - numerical analysis
 - signal processing
 - computer graphics
- uses C++ programming language (C++17)
- employs Linux-based software development environment with GCC and Clang compiler toolchains

Prerequisites and Requirements

- should possess *reasonably good programming skills*
- must be willing to *attend lectures regularly*
- should have *basic familiarity with C++* (e.g., classes, templates, and standard library)
- ideally, this knowledge of C++ would be acquired prior to start of term
 - through other courses taken (e.g., CSC 116 or ELEC/ECE 486/586); or
 - by watching instructor's video lectures
- will not rely on knowledge of C++ until second week of classes
- if no prior knowledge of C++ and have strong programming skills, may attempt crash course on C++ by watching instructor's video lectures (about 9 hours in duration) before second week of classes (but will require considerable amount of time and effort)
- first programming assignment (excluding software tools exercise) (i.e., Assignment 1) *intended solely as review* of basic C++
- students can use Assignment 1 to help judge if they possess sufficient knowledge of C++ for course

- nominally, major topics to be covered (in order) are:
 - 1 Algorithms (2 lectures)
 - 2 Data Structures (2.5 lectures)
 - 3 A Few Remarks About Basic C++, Const, Constexpr, and Literal Types (2.5 lectures)
 - 4 Value Categories, Moving and Copying, Temporary Objects, and Copy Elision (3.5 lectures)
 - 5 Error Handling, Exceptions, and Exception Safety (3.5 lectures)
 - 6 Smart Pointers (1.5 lectures)
 - 7 Computer Arithmetic, Interval Arithmetic, and Exact Arithmetic (3 lectures)
 - 8 Memory Management and Container Classes (5 lectures)
 - 9 Cache-Efficient Algorithms (5 lectures)
 - 10 Concurrency (5 lectures)
- if time permits, additional topics may be covered, such as:
 - Vectorization
 - Lvalue and Rvalue References, Move Semantics, and Perfect Forwarding
 - Memory Allocators
 - Atomics and Memory Models

Additional Comments on Course Content

- languages, libraries, and tools considered:
 - C++ programming language in some depth
 - C++ standard library as well as some other industry-standard libraries (e.g., Boost)
 - C++ compiler (i.e., GCC and Clang)
 - build tools (i.e., CMake)
 - debugging and testing tools (e.g., ASan, UBSan, and Catch2)
 - version control systems (i.e., Git)
- emphasis on libraries and tools commonly used in industry
- rationale for using C++:
 - general purpose and efficient
 - international standard, vendor neutral, supported on many platforms
 - many jobs require knowledge of C++
 - likely to continue to be dominant language into future (built on top of C which is still going strong after 40 years)
 - superset of C (so can learn two languages for price of one)
 - easier to migrate from C++ to C, Java, and many other languages than other way around

- Upon completion of the course, students should be able to:
 - 1 identify many of the factors that can impact the performance and robustness of code
 - 2 *select data structures and algorithms* that are appropriate for solving a given problem and justify the choices made
 - 3 develop software to *meet a detailed set of specifications*
 - 4 recognize the importance of *thoroughly testing* code
 - 5 demonstrate an intermediate-level competency in the *C++ programming language*
 - 6 demonstrate a basic competency with the *C++ standard library* as well as several other libraries (e.g., Boost and CGAL)
 - 7 make effective use of the tools available in a typical C++ software development environment

- DISCUSS THE FOLLOWING DOCUMENTS, ALL OF WHICH ARE AVAILABLE FROM THE COURSE WEB SITE:
 - 1 COURSE OUTLINE
 - 2 OPEN-ACCESS COURSE-MATERIALS SUPPORT HANDOUT
 - 3 COURSE-MATERIALS BUG-BOUNTY PROGRAM (CMBBP) HANDOUT
 - 4 VIDEO-LECTURES HANDOUT
 - 5 ASSIGNMENTS HANDOUT (WHICH IS SPLIT INTO SEVERAL SEPARATE PDF DOCUMENTS)
 - 6 NON-PROGRAMMING EXERCISES HANDOUT
 - 7 PROJECT HANDOUT (FOR GRADUATE-LEVEL VERSION OF COURSE)
 - 8 LECTURE-SLIDE SUPPLEMENTS

- course web site:
 - <http://www.ece.uvic.ca/~mdadams/courses/cpp>
- vast wealth of course-related information available from web site, including (but not limited to):
 - 1 course outline
 - 2 course-overview slides
 - 3 course-materials bug-bounty program (CMBBP) handout
 - 4 assignments handout (which is split into several PDF documents)
 - 5 non-programming exercises handout
 - 6 project handout (for graduate-level version of course)
 - 7 lecture-slide supplements
 - 8 video-lectures handout
- students should read all information on course web site
- some information is password protected (usually marked by padlock)

- many programming-related video lectures available via instructor's YouTube channel:

`https://www.youtube.com/user/iamcanadian1867`

- summary of available video lectures (including URLs) can be found on video-lectures handout
- some course content delivered by video lectures:
 - some topics covered only in video lectures
 - other topics covered mainly in video lectures with regular (i.e., in-class) lectures focusing only on more difficult aspects of material
- vast majority of course content covered only in regular (i.e., in-class) lectures (*not in video lectures*)
- video lectures expected to be extremely helpful to those who may have less background in C++

Computer-Based Tutorial

- tutorial is not tutorial in usual sense employed by most courses
- run by *instructor*, not teaching assistant
- scheduled in computer lab for access to C++ software development environment
- particular uses of tutorial to be determined by needs of course as course proceeds and may include (amongst other things):
 - 1 students have opportunity to ask for help (i.e., in-lab office hours)
 - 2 instructor may give presentations on various topics to fill (unanticipated) gaps in student knowledge or clarify more difficult topics
 - 3 instructor may give software demonstrations
 - 4 instructor or markers may conduct interviews with students regarding code submitted for programming assignments (in order to guard against plagiarism)
 - 5 students can work on programming assignments or exercises
- tutorials start in *first week* of classes
- tutorials do not necessarily run for full duration of class schedule
- tutorial attendance is *mandatory*

Plagiarism and Other Forms of Academic Misconduct

- plagiarism taken *very seriously* by instructor
- some examples of plagiarism include:
 - using code from another source without clearly acknowledging source
 - helping another student to commit plagiarism (e.g., by providing code)
 - posting assignment solutions to any public forum (e.g., public Git repository) during or *after* having taken course
- all plagiarism cases *will be reported to the Department Chair*
- plagiarism offense will result in *automatic zero grade* for assignment or project in question
- instructor and teaching assistants *may, at any time, question student* regarding any aspect of their submitted work in order to ensure that this work is student's own
- instructor and teaching assistants *may employ plagiarism-detection tools* in the review and grading of student work
- help classmates by pointing them in direction of solution but never give them (all or part of) your code

How to Succeed in Course

- 1 Attend all lectures and tutorials.
- 2 Do not fall behind in the course.
- 3 Work ahead whenever possible. Start working on all assignments (and project) as soon as possible.
- 4 When encountering difficulties, seek help in a timely manner.
- 5 Read the specifications for each assignment very carefully and check that all requirements are met *exactly*.
- 6 Test the code for an assignment *thoroughly* at all stages of development.
- 7 Ensure that each assignment submission passes the precheck.
- 8 Provide detailed commit log messages that can be understood clearly by others (especially markers).
- 9 Provide code comments that can be clearly understood by others (especially markers).

- course is entirely new (i.e., has never been offered before)
- although instructor has made tremendous effort in preparing this course, many aspects of course are expected to be suboptimal, due to factors such as:
 - uncertainty about demographics of students that will take course (e.g., how many students from which majors/programs)
 - uncertainty about programming abilities of students that will take course
 - uncertainty as to whether students are actually taught all of what is supposed to have been taught in prerequisite courses
- furthermore, some problems are inevitable, due to factors such as:
 - unanticipated gaps in student knowledge
 - material taking more or less time to cover than expected
 - material being more or less difficult than expected for typical student
 - unanticipated problems with software development environment
 - unanticipated problems with tools used for assignment grading
- students are strongly encouraged to provide feedback to instructor so that course can be improved (either in current or future offerings)

**Dying to ask a question?
Here's your chance.**



Section 1.2

Software Development Environment and Assignments

Software Development Environment (SDE)

- course uses custom software development environment (SDE)
- course SDE includes (amongst other things) most recent versions of GCC and Clang
- critically important to use course SDE for all assignments
- assignments are graded using course SDE
- to access course SDE, use `sde_shell` or `sde_make_setup` command
- `sde_shell`: starts new subshell configured to use course SDE
- `sde_make_setup`: prints shell commands needed to configure shell to use course SDE so that user may invoke them
- use of `sde_shell` is recommended over `sde_make_setup`, since easier to use
- more information about course SDE can be found at:
 - <https://www.ece.uvic.ca/~mdadams/courses/cpp/#sde>
 - <https://github.com/mdadams/sde>

Assignments

- two types of assignment problems: programming and non-programming
- programming problems require development of code to meet prescribed specifications
- non-programming problems typically require written (i.e., English) answers which may include short code fragments
- programming problems in assignments specified in great detail and typically include requirements related to:
 - organization of code in files and directories (e.g., file and directory names, directory structure, file contents)
 - application programming interfaces (APIs)
 - user-interface (UI) behavior, such as command-line interface (CLI)
 - data formats for program input and output
 - program exit-status conventions
- critically important that all specifications for programming problem met exactly
- if requirements not met exactly, code may fail to build successfully with instructor's test code

GitHub and GitHub Classroom

- GitHub is web-based hosting service for Git repositories (i.e., hosts Git repositories for commercial, open-source, and other software projects)
- GitHub web site: <https://github.com>
- GitHub web site provides mechanism for creating and managing Git repositories for programming assignments called GitHub Classroom
- course uses GitHub Classroom for assignment submission
- each student needs GitHub account
- to create GitHub account, visit: <https://github.com/join>
- student sent email invitation to undertake assignment
- accepting invitation will cause private Git repository to be created for storing assignment submission

Assignment Submission

- assignment submission performed using Git repository in conjunction with GitHub Classroom
- files in Git repository must be organized in very specific manner
- submissions are self-identifying via `IDENTIFICATION.txt` file
- required to provide detailed history of code development (i.e., detailed commit log messages)
- code must be well commented
- assignment submissions must pass validation phase of precheck otherwise automatic grade of zero
- to perform assignment precheck, use command `assignment_precheck`
- late assignment submissions not accepted
- incomplete assignment submissions will be accepted, provided that they pass validation phase of precheck

Assignment Evaluation

- *code correctness is very important*, as marking scheme for programming problems weights code correctness quite heavily
- code will be built and run through many test cases
- testing uses instructor test code (not student test code)
- critical that code builds (i.e., compiles and links) successfully; otherwise no testing can be performed
- any test that cannot be performed is *assumed to fail*
- code visually inspected (code itself and comments)
- commit history log messages examined
- code comments and commit log messages must be clearly understandable to others
- as part of evaluation process, each student *may be questioned* about their submitted code by instructor or teaching assistant (in order to ensure code is student's own work)

Assignment Solutions

- solutions for non-programming problems usually posted
- solutions for programming problems not posted
- solutions to programming problems not posted for two main reasons:
 - 1 to avoid bias implicit in advocating one particular correct solution over all others
 - 2 to eliminate possibility of students in future offerings of course plagiarizing from instructor's solutions
- students welcome to meet with instructor in order to view his solutions to programming problems
- students will not be permitted to make copies of these solutions, however

Advice for Success on Assignments

- 1 Start working on each assignment as soon as possible.
- 2 Ensure that each assignment submission passes the validation stage of the assignment precheck as early as possible before the submission deadline.
- 3 Test code thoroughly at all stages of development.
- 4 Enable and take notice of compiler warnings.
- 5 Use code sanitizers.
- 6 Always double-check that all requirements for the software being developed are met.
- 7 Ensure that your Git repository contains the correct contents at the submission deadline.
- 8 Be particularly careful about the const correctness of code.
- 9 Commit code changes to your Git repository often and with detailed commit log messages.

GIVE A DEMONSTRATION OF THE SDE AND
VARIOUS SOFTWARE TOOLS.