

Assignment Assessment

The assignments are decomposed into lists of work items as shown in Table 1. The assignment component of the course mark has the following breakdown:

- 2%: the grade obtained on Assignment 0
- 12%: an equal weighting of the $n_A = 6$ grades obtained for the items in List A
- 86%: an equal weighting of $n_B + n_C$ grades, where the first $n_B = 6$ grades are those obtained for the items in List B and the remaining n_C grades are the highest n_C grades obtained for the items in List C; and $n_C = 3$ for students in SENG 475 and $n_C = 5$ for students in ECE 596C

In the case that $n_C < 5$ (i.e., for students in SENG 475), a student can effectively skip a certain number of items in List C without penalty. This said, however, the student is still very strongly encouraged to attempt all of the items in List C, if possible. By doing this, the student will likely:

- achieve a higher mark for the assignment component of the course; and
- develop a better understanding of the course material, which may potentially be beneficial during the final exam (in the case that the course has a final exam) and during subsequent job interviews for software-development positions.

Table 1: Lists of work items for assignments

(a)	(b)	(c)
<div> List A: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Assignment 1 Part A Assignment 2 Part A Assignment 3 Part A Assignment 4 Part A Assignment 5 Part A Assignment 6 Part A </div>	<div> List B: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Assignment 1 Part B Assignment 2 Part B Assignment 3 Part B Assignment 4 Part B Assignment 5 Part B Assignment 6 Part B </div>	<div> List C: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Assignment 2 Part C Assignment 3 Part C Assignment 4 Part C Assignment 5 Part C Assignment 6 Part C </div>

Handling of missed work items. If a student is unable to complete a work item for some legitimate reason (such as illness), this item would normally be waived (subject to the approval of the instructor). If an item from List A is waived, the item is deleted from the list and n_A is decreased by one accordingly. If an item from List B is waived, the item is deleted from the list and n_B is decreased by one accordingly. If an item from List C is waived, the item is deleted from the list and n_C is normally left unchanged.