

Example 7.11 (Laplace-domain shifting property). Using only the properties of the Laplace transform and the transform pair

$$e^{-|t|} \xleftrightarrow{\text{LT}} \frac{2}{1-s^2} \quad \text{for } -1 < \text{Re}(s) < 1,$$

find the Laplace transform X of

$$x(t) = e^{5t} e^{-|t|}.$$

Solution. We are given

Using the Laplace-domain shifting property, we can deduce

$$x(t) = e^{5t} e^{-|t|} \xleftrightarrow{\text{LT}} X(s) = \frac{2}{1-(s-5)^2} \quad \text{for } \underbrace{-1+5}_{4} < \text{Re}(s) < \underbrace{1+5}_{6},$$

Handwritten notes: "multiply by e^{5t} " (pointing to e^{5t}), "Shift s by 5" (pointing to $s-5$), "Shift ROC by 5" (pointing to the ROC boundaries).

Thus, we have

$$X(s) = \frac{2}{1-(s-5)^2} \quad \text{for } 4 < \text{Re}(s) < 6.$$

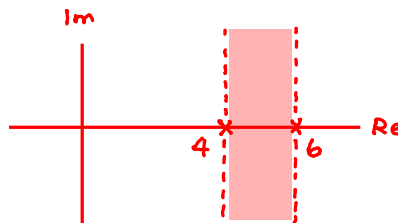
Rewriting X in factored form, we have

$$X(s) = \frac{2}{1-(s-5)^2} = \frac{2}{1-(s^2-10s+25)} = \frac{2}{-s^2+10s-24} = \frac{-2}{s^2-10s+24} = \frac{-2}{(s-6)(s-4)}.$$

Therefore, we have

$$X(s) = \frac{-2}{(s-4)(s-6)} \quad \text{for } 4 < \text{Re}(s) < 6.$$

not strictly necessary except to check answer



Sanity check:

are stated algebraic expression
and stated ROC
self consistent?
yes, ROC bounded by poles