

Example 4.14. Consider the LTI system with impulse response h given by

$$h(t) = e^{at}u(t),$$

where a is a real constant. Determine for what values of a the system is BIBO stable. ✓

Solution. We need to determine for what values of a the impulse response h is absolutely integrable. We have

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |h(t)| dt &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |e^{at}u(t)| dt && \text{Split integration interval and use fact that } u(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & t \geq 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^0 0 dt + \int_0^{\infty} e^{at} dt && \text{drop zero integral} \\ &= \int_0^{\infty} e^{at} dt && \text{identify two cases for integration} \\ &= \begin{cases} \int_0^{\infty} e^{at} dt & a \neq 0 \\ \int_0^{\infty} 1 dt & a = 0 \end{cases} && \text{integrate} \\ &= \begin{cases} \left[\frac{1}{a} e^{at} \right]_0^{\infty} & a \neq 0 \\ [t]_0^{\infty} & a = 0. \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

Now, we simplify the preceding equation for each of the cases $a \neq 0$ and $a = 0$. Suppose that $a \neq 0$. We have

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |h(t)| dt &= \left[\frac{1}{a} e^{at} \right]_0^{\infty} \\ &= \frac{1}{a} (e^{a\infty} - 1). \end{aligned}$$

what is $e^{a\infty}$?

We can see that the result of the above integration is finite if $a < 0$ and infinite if $a > 0$. In particular, if $a < 0$, we have

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |h(t)| dt &= 0 - \frac{1}{a} && \text{assuming } a < 0 \\ &= -\frac{1}{a}. \end{aligned}$$

Suppose now that $a = 0$. In this case, we have

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |h(t)| dt &= [t]_0^{\infty} \\ &= \infty. \end{aligned}$$

Thus, we have shown that

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |h(t)| dt = \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{a} & a < 0 \\ \infty & a \geq 0. \end{cases}$$

combining above results

In other words, the impulse response h is absolutely integrable if and only if $a < 0$. Consequently, the system is BIBO stable if and only if $a < 0$. ■